The 1992 Cohort of Texas Public Seventh-Grade Students Followed Through Higher Education By Race-Ethnicity and Gender

Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board
July 27, 2004 Revised

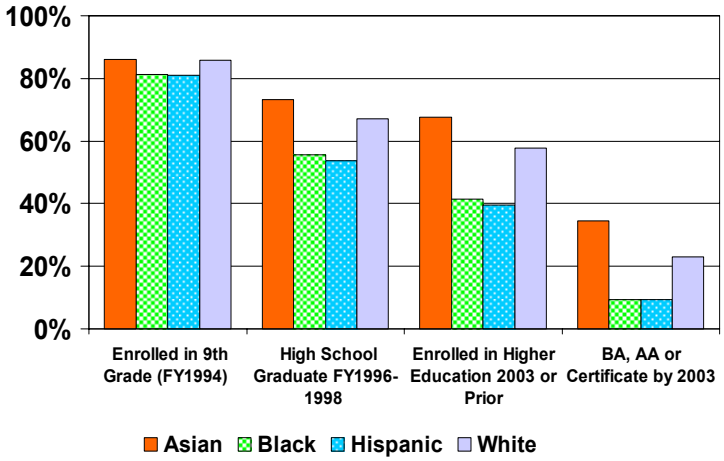
Asian and White students graduated from high school, enrolled in higher education, and earned a certificate or undergraduate degree at a much higher rate than their classmates from other groups, according to a study of the 1992 cohort of seventh-grade Texas public school students. Other information revealed by the analysis:

- The 1992 seventh-grade female cohort of 129,100 students was 15 percent Black, 33.6 percent Hispanic, and 49.1 percent White. Ten years later, the 16,116-student female cohort earning a baccalaureate degree was 8 percent Black, 15.4 percent Hispanic, and 71.4 percent White.

- The 1992 seventh-grade male cohort was 14.6 percent Black, 34.1 percent Hispanic, and 49.1 percent White. By 2003, the 10,656-student male cohort earning a baccalaureate degree was 5.5 percent Black, 14 percent Hispanic, and 74.3 percent White.

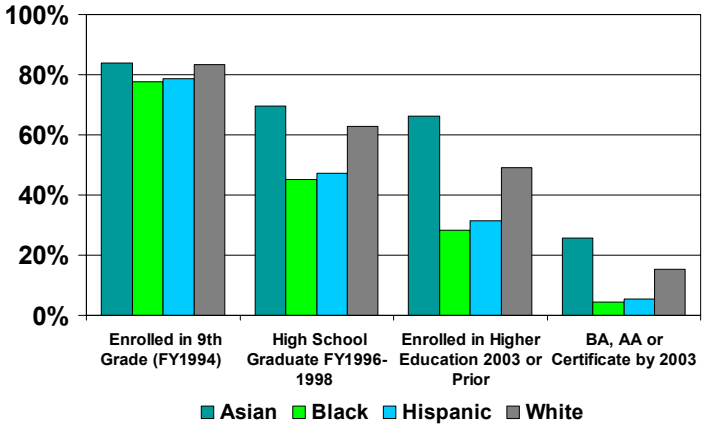
- Of the original 1992 seventh-grade cohort, 16,959 members (6.4percent) enrolled in Texas public higher education but did not graduate from a Texas public school. These students presumably graduated from Texas private high schools, out-of-state high schools, home schools, or from programs that offer high school equivalency, such as the GED. They included 2,202 Black students, 4,993 Hispanic students, and 9,269 White students.

Female FY1992 7th-Graders' Progress Through Education System*



*Some cohort members in public higher education are not public high school graduates.

Male FY1992 7th-Graders' Progress Through Education System*



*Some cohort members in public higher education are not public high school graduates.

The 1992 Cohort of Texas Public Seventh-Grade Students
Tracked Through Higher Education

	Female					Male				
	White	Hispanic	Black	Asian	Am. Indian	White	Hispanic	Black	Asian	Am. Indian
7th-Grade Public School Cohort (1992)	63,395	43,427	19,404	2,567	307	67,441	46,946	20,045	2,720	326
Enrolled in 9th Grade (1994)	54,330	35,215	15,802	2,214	222	56,172	36,899	15,568	2,282	233
High School Graduate (1996-1998)	42,587	23,331	10,764	1,881	146	42,320	22,191	9,038	1,895	141
Enrolled in Higher Education (Anytime After High School Graduation)[1]	31,932	14,736	6,818	1,540	97	28,555	12,245	4,662	1,553	90
Completed a Higher Education Degree or Certificate by 2003[2]	14,535	4,066	1,805	888	27	10,314	2,594	861	698	27

[1]This includes 83,113 students enrolling the year after high school, 19,115 students enrolling the second year or beyond, and 16,959 student members of the cohort who enrolled in public higher education but did not graduate from public high school.

[2]Includes baccalaureate and associate's degrees and two-year certificates.

► Additional "Special Interest Briefs" are available regarding the 1992 seventh-grade cohort's progress through Texas public education.

► For information[1] regarding this report or to suggest topics for future reports, contact Rissa S. Potter, Ph.D., (512) 427-6124, or Rissa.Potter@thecb.state.tx.us

► This report, and other related reports, are available at http://www.thecb.state.tx.us/DataAndStatistics/

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